

Thirty-Plus Years of Mushroom Poisoning: Summary of the Approximately 2,000 Reports in the NAMA Case Registry

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IN THE EARLY years of NAMA, toxicology was one of the concerns of the Mycophagy Committee. The existence of toxicology committees in the Puget Sound and Colorado clubs stimulated the NAMA officers to separate the good and bad aspects of ingesting mushrooms. In 1973 they established a standing Toxicology Committee, initially chaired by Dr. Duane H. (Sam) Mitchel, a Denver M.D. who founded the Colorado Mycological Society. In the early 1970s Sam worked with Dr. Barry Rumack, then director of the Rocky Mountain Poison Center (RMPC), to establish a protocol for handling information on mushroom poisonings resulting in the center, becoming nationally recognized for handling mushroom poisonings. In 1982, encouraged by Dr. Orson Miller and acting on a motion by Kit Scates, the NAMA trustees then created the Mushroom Poisoning Case Registry. Dr. Kenneth Cochran laid the groundwork for maintaining the Registry at the University of Michigan. Dr. Cochran continues to maintain the gateway through which individuals can report mushroom poisonings using the NAMA Web site (www.namyco.org). The reporting is an entirely volunteer effort, and at the end of each year members of the NAMA toxicology committee assemble all of the reports for the previous year as well as any other earlier cases that can still be documented. In addition, members of the toxicology committee work with Poison Centers to directly gather mushroom poisoning reports. Marilyn Shaw (Colorado, Montana, Idaho, Hawaii and Las Vegas, Nevada), Dr. Bill Freedman (California), Jan Lindgren (Washington and Oregon), Judy Roger (Washington and Oregon), Dr. Ken Cochran (Michigan and the upper Midwest), Hanna Tschekunow (Florida and Eastern U.S., now Washington), Dr. Denis Benjamin (Washing-

ton, now Texas) and many others have worked hard to track down and record details of mushroom poisoning cases.

The first annual NAMA report of mushroom poisoning cases was published by Dr. Cochran in *Mushroom: The Journal* in 1985 (Cochran, 1985). All subsequent reports are in *McIlwainea* (Beug 2006; Cochran, 1986, 1988, 1999, 2000; Lampe, 1989; and Trestrail 1991, 1992, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998). In some of Dr. Trestrail's reports (Trestrail 1992, 1994, 1995, 1996) he compares numbers of mushroom toxic exposures reported to NAMA to reports to the Poison Control Centers compiled through the Toxic Exposure Surveillance System of the American Association of Poison Control Centers. From this data we can infer that mushrooms account for about 0.4 to 0.5% of total toxic exposures. NAMA is receiving reports totaling about 1% of mushroom poisoning cases that are reported to Poison Control Centers each year. While about 90% of mushrooms in the Toxic Exposure Surveillance System are unidentified, NAMA involvement drops the percentage of unidentified mushrooms into the range of 10–30%. Also, since approximately 80% of the reports to PCCs involve asymptomatic events, we conclude that NAMA reports get filed for about 10% of the symptomatic poisoning cases (and probably well over 50% of the cases involving a fatality).

The NAMA database that is maintained of all of the poisoning case reports that have been received by the toxicology committee is not readily accessible when questions arise. This paper summarizes all reports in the database where the mushroom could be reasonably well identified. We cover all material through December 2005. Unlike in the annual reports, we will not delve into treatments or why the person might

have consumed the mushroom (e.g. for food, for recreation, mistaken identification, etc.). The only age determination we make is for adults (and here we treat teenagers as adults) versus children. However, bear in mind that symptoms can be most severe in individuals whose health is previously compromised (due to age, alcohol or chronic disease) and in children whose digestive and immune systems are not yet fully developed. There are unusual cases where the death is not directly due to mushroom toxins. These include a previously severely ill elderly man who ate several successive huge meals of a *Gyromitra* species, but the symptoms related to his death did not match any known mushroom symptoms. A quadriplegic consumed purchased *Psilocybe cubensis* (of uncertain quality), went into anaphylactic shock, and died. One woman of a group of five ate what was probably *Laetiporus sulphureus*, suffered severe GI symptoms, dermatitis, and died in 19 hours while no one else in the group was even sick. After becoming unconscious from a large meal of *Amanita muscaria*, a man froze to death in his tent in Michigan. On the other side of the coin, we have not entered numerous cases where someone consumed an *Amanita* in the "Destroying Angel" group and had no ill effects or consumed a plateful of *Chlorophyllum molybdites* or some *Amanita muscaria*, etc., without getting sick. We have also not reported on the huge number of cases (roughly 33% of the total) where the cause of the poisoning is unclear due to the ingestion of several species at a time or due to the failure to preserve or produce any of the mushrooms for later identification.

The reports that have been summarized here are voluntary reports. In some regions (the Rocky Mountain region and the Pacific Northwest) the reporting is quite extensive (though undoubtedly not complete). In other regions the reporting is very spotty because at times during the past 23 years there have been few active experts in the area. Sometimes one can be quite certain about what mushroom was consumed, but at other times it is just an educated guess based on mushrooms gathered near where the suspect mushrooms were picked or from pictures that the victim pointed out in a book.

We have generally not attempted to use the most current name but have followed the names used in the reports. The approach has also been

that of a "lumper." For example, *Armillaria mellea* and *Laetiporus sulphureus*; are now recognized as complexes of several species, but there has often been no way to figure out what the actual culprit was, though by looking at the location one can sometimes make a good guess. A confounding factor here is that mushrooms can be contaminated by bacteria and molds, and the symptoms from bacterial and mold contamination are extremely similar to most mushroom poisoning symptoms. Some of the cases certainly do appear to have resulted from consumption of spoiled mushrooms that were old before consumption or had been frozen raw (which allows the bacteria to keep growing). Also, for mushrooms growing in lawns, flower beds, along roads, and on golf courses there is the question of contamination by insecticides or heavy metals. In a few cases there was specific recollection of a recent Malathion or other insecticide spray. We have a Table of Poisonings where alcohol is implicated because there were individuals who said that they could eat the mushrooms if they did not drink alcohol. We are certain that several additional GI cases were also alcohol-related. We have tabulated all of the reported dermatitis cases because that information has remained scattered. Where the case involved both dermatitis and GI symptoms, the event was tabulated in both tables.

We were surprised at some of the things that we found (or did not find). In over 2,000 reports, there were only three cases total involving a *Cortinarius* species, even though that is a huge genus with many large, fleshy fungi. We did not find a single mention of a poisoning that matched the symptoms of orellanine poisonings. So far, orellanine has been found in only one small brown *Cortinarius* species in North America. A further check of other available sources also failed to come up with any orellanine cases anywhere in North America. While we have often seen 50% quoted as a death rate for consumption of mushrooms containing amatoxins, we calculated an 11% death rate for reported cases of people who became ill. The overall rate of death from amatoxins is well under 10% when you count the people who showed no symptoms. Furthermore, we only found record of five liver transplants for a transplant rate of 3.5% in amatoxin cases. From other sources, we know that *Galerina autumnalis* can be fatal, but none of those reports has made

its way into the database. Similarly, many cases of *Galerina autumnalis* ingestion that did not lead to death did not make this report. The one death reported from mushrooms causing GI symptoms with unknown toxins/irritants was from *Boletus pulcherrimus*. To our surprise, there were no reported deaths from the mushrooms noted for causing kidney failure, *Amanita smithiana* and *Paxillus involutus*. Though *Amanita smithiana* was at one time thought to contain orellanine, orellanine is not present. The toxin in *Amanita smithiana* is allenic norleucine that is probably bound to a sugar in the mushroom. A second compound, chlorocrotylglycine, may also be toxic. The toxins in *Paxillus involutus* are unknown. We found cases where mothers became ill from a mushroom ingestion, and nursing infants (and nursing puppies) became ill (the puppy died) from toxins in the milk. Though many people still eat *Gyromitra esculenta*, the large number of cases found where there was liver and/or kidney damage will, we hope, lead individuals to cease this practice.

In examining animal poisoning cases, we were struck by how frequently dogs (and even cats) consume either *Amanita muscaria* or *Amanita pantherina*. Neither of these species is deadly in humans, but both can be lethal to cats and dogs. Similarly there were deaths of dogs from both *Inocybe* species and *Scleroderma* species, though we have no record of human deaths from these same species. We looked for mushroom poisonings of horses or cows. There were no poisonings recorded for these animals, though there were two poisonings recorded for a pig, including one death. We tried to answer a question for a woman from Oregon whose prize horse was healthy one day and dead the next. Her pasture was full of mushrooms. Her vet said that similar deaths of horses are not all that unusual. We hope that someone who reads this will become curious and someday have an answer to whether or not mushrooms are involved in these mysterious horse deaths.

Table 1
Summary of Human Poisonings (excluding Dermatitis)

Classification	Individuals Reported Sick	Typical # Reported Cases/Year	% of total	Number of Deaths (not counting shock)	% Deaths
Grand Total	1,641	70		17	1%
Amatoxins	147	6	8.9%	16	11%
Gyromitra, Helvella, Verpa	68	3	4.1%	0	0
Morels	52 + 77 (one big case)	3	3%	0	0
Isoxazoles	218	10	13%	0	0
Psilocybin	108	5	6.6%	0	0
Total GI	959	40	58%	1	0.1%
Chlorophyllum	176	8	10.7%	0	0
Omphalotus	98	4.5	5.9%	0	0
Leccinum	58	3	3.5%	0	0

Table 2
Summary of Animal Poisonings

Animal	Type of Mushroom	Number Affected	Number Died	Number Euthanized	Total % Dead
Cat	Amatoxin	1–2	1	0	50%
Cat	Isoxazoles	10	1	0	10%
Cat	GI Irritants	3	1	0	33%
Dog	Amatoxin	11	4	4	72%
Dog	Isoxazoles	61	1	2	5%
Dog	GI Irritants	47	7	0	15%
Pig	GI Irritants	2	1	0	50%

Table 3
Human Liver Damage and Kidney Failure Cases

Species	Number Poisoned	Liver Damage		Kidney Failure	
		Number	Total	Number	%Total
<i>Amanita bisporigera</i>	18	12	67%	1	5.6%
<i>Amanita brunnescens</i>	6	5	83%	0	0%
<i>Amanita smithiana</i>	8	0	0%	6	75%
<i>Amanita ocreata</i>	9	9	100%	7	78%
<i>Amanita phalloides</i>	55	24	44%	3	5.5%
<i>Amanita verna</i>	8	4	50%	1	12%
<i>Amanita virosa</i>	26	3	11%	3	11%
<i>Amanita spp</i>	10	7	70%	2	20%
<i>Galerina autumnalis & Galerina sp</i>	10	6	60%	1	10%
<i>Lepiota josserandii</i>	2	2	100%	1	50%
<i>Lepiota subincarnata</i>	1	1	100%	1	100%
<i>Gyromitra esculenta</i>	27	9	33%	3	11%
<i>Paxillus involutus</i>	3	0	0%	2	67%
Unknown species	---	7	---	2	---

Table 4
Amatoxin Syndrome: Poisoning by the Amanitins

Species & Location¹	Number & Onset²	Symptoms¹
<i>Amanita bisporigera</i> AR, MI(2), MN, MO, NJ, OH, ON, QC, RI	16 adult+ 2 child 7–15(24) hrs avg 10 hr	Full gastrointestinal(18), cramps(5), kidney failure, liver damage(12), muscle spasms, salivation(2), drowsy, sweating(3), weakness(3), liver transplant(1), DEATH(2), elevated prothrombin time(2)
<i>Amanita brunnescens</i> CA, ID	3 adult+ 3 child 6–18 hrs avg 16 hr	Severe gastrointestinal distress(5), mild GI, chills, sweating, liver damage(5)
<i>Amanita magnivelaris</i> RI	2 adults 24 hrs	Severe gastrointestinal distress(2), DEATH(1)
<i>Amanita ocreata</i> CA(2), OR(2)	9 adults 6–15 hrs avg 10 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, cramps(2), disoriented(5), hypotension, kidney failure (7), liver damage(9), weak(2), DEATH(4)
<i>Amanita phalloides</i> BC CA(11), CT, NY, NJ, OR(2), PA, WA(2)	52 adult+ 3 child (4) 6–12(30) hrs avg. 10 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress (49), bloody vomit, chills(2), cramps(17), Convulsions(3), disoriented(13), dyspnea(3), fever (8), severe headache, hypotension, salivation, drowsy, sweating(8), unconscious, weak(13), high prothrombin, coagulopathy, hyponatremia, respiratory failure(3), kidney failure(3), liver damage(24), liver transplant(3), DEATH(2)
<i>Amanita verna</i> MI, MS, WA	6 adult+ 2 child (0.3)5–12 hrs avg 9 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(6), chills, cramps(2), disoriented, kidney failure, liver damage(4), sweating, cerebral edema, DEATH(1)
<i>Amanita virosa</i> CT, DC(3), CT, MI, MN, NJ, NY(5); QC, RI	23 adult+ 3 child (0.5)6–24 hrs avg 12 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(23), severe GI, chills(2), cramps(4), convulsions, disoriented(5), fever, flushing, hypotension, kidney failure(3), liver damage(3), muscle spasms, nausea, drowsy(3), weak(5), edema, thick feeling in tongue, DEATH(1)
<i>Amanita</i> spp. FL, GA, KY, OR, NY, VA	9 adult+ 1 child 8–24 hrs avg 12 hr	Gastrointestinal distress (9), cramps(2), kidney failure(2), liver damage(7), mydriasis(2), drowsy, unconscious(2), weak, DEATH(3)
<i>Galerina autumnalis/venenata</i> AR, IL, KS, MI, OH, OR, WA	8 adult+ 1 child 6–21 hrs avg 13 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(6), blood in vomit or diarrhea, cramps(6), dehydrated, disoriented(2), hematemesis, drowsy(2), weak(3), liver damage(5), unable to walk, dry heaves, infant poisoned from nursing
<i>Galerina</i> sp OH	adult, 9 hrs	Severe gastrointestinal distress, liver damage
<i>Lepiota josserandii</i> NY(2)	2 adults 9–15 hrs avg 12 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, confused, kidney failure, liver damage(2), respiratory distress, liver transplant(1), DEATH(1)
<i>Lepiota subincarnata</i> BC	adult, 13 hrs	GI, kidney failure, liver damage, drowsy, DEATH(1)

1 Number in parentheses is number of times observed.

2 Number in parentheses is one report of unusually long or short onset not included in average.

Long Delayed-Onset Renal Failure: Orellanine or Cortinarin Poisoning in North America: NONE REPORTED

Table 5
Inebriation and Poisoning by Isoxazole Compounds
(Muscimol, Ibotenic Acid, etc.)

Species & Location¹	Number & Onset²	Symptoms¹
<i>Amanita muscaria</i> AB(2), AK, CO(28), D(12), MA, MD, MT(6), NJ(9), NY, OH(2), OR(8), PA(3), RI(3), SK, WV(2), VA(2), WA(7), WY(6)	107 adult+ 2 child 0.5–3(12) hrs avg 1.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress (100), visual and/or time disturbances(39), atrial fibrillation(3), ataxic(3), chills(12), cramps(4), convulsions(3), disoriented(67), hematemesis, malaise, muscle spasm(47), nausea, salivation(3), drowsy(37), sweating(24), unconscious(11), deafness, out of body feeling, kidney polyuria, hypothermia. One death from freezing to death in a tent after consuming the mushrooms.
<i>Amanita pantherina</i> BC(2), CA, CO(27), ID(11), MI, MT(7), NM, ON, OR(30), WA(14), WY	104 adult+ 5 child 0.3–6 hrs avg 2.4 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(48), visual and/or time disturbances(72), anxiety(3), ataxic(9), cramps(9), disoriented(33), headache(6), fever(6), flushing, liver failure(1), muscle spasms 18, mydriasis, nausea(6), salivation(6), drowsy(12), sweating(6), unconscious(9), weakness(18), respiratory failure, kidney hematuria(2), dermatitis(2), violent(2)

1 Number in parentheses is number of times observed.

2 Number in parentheses is one report of unusually long or short onset not included in average.

Table 6
Mushrooms with Unique Toxins, Kidney Failure Common

Species & Location¹	Number & Onset²	Symptoms¹
<i>Amanita smithiana</i> BC(2), OR(2), WA(3)	8 adult 6–11 hrs avg 8 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(6), anxiety, chills, cramps(3), disorientation, kidney failure(6), malaise(2), sweating, weakness, warm feeling, oliguria, polyurea, thirst
<i>Paxillus involutus</i> OR, WA	1 adult at 6 days 2 adults at 0.25 hr	Kidney failure(2), incoherent, thirsty, hematemesis, muscle spasm, severe back pain, dry mouth, vomiting

1 Number in parentheses is number of times observed.

2 Number in parentheses is one report of unusually long or short onset not included in average.

Table 7
Gyromitrin Poisoning Suspected due to Hydrazines and Morel Poisonings

Species & Location¹	Number & Onset²	Symptoms¹
<i>Gyromitra brunnea</i> ID	adult, 2–3 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress, sweating
<i>Gyromitra esculenta</i> AK(2), IA, ID(2), MA, MI(17), QC, WA	24 adult+ 3 child 1–9(12) hrs avg 6 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(27), anxiety, atrial fibrillation(3), chills(4), cramps, disoriented(6), dreams, fever, flushing(2), headache(2) jaundice, kidney failure(3), liver damage(9), muscle spasms, sweating(9), weak(5), methemoglobinemia, kidney hematuria, sensitive to sound
<i>Gyromitra gigas/montana</i> ID(9), MT(2), OR(3)	8 adult+ 1 child 2–9 hrs avg 5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(7), chills(2), cramps(3), jaundice, muscle spasm(3)
<i>Gyromitra spp</i> ID(6), MI(3), MT(5),) OR(3)	22 adult+ 1 child 0.3–11 (24) hrs avg 3.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(18), ataxic, chills(4), convulsions, cramps(6) + severe cramps(4), isoriented(4), fever(2), headache(6), hematemesis, jaundice, liver damage, malaise, salivation, sweating(4), weakness(4), hot flashes(2), light sensitive, bilirubinemia, numb, neck pain
<i>Helvella spp.</i> CO	1 adult, 2 hrs	Nausea, headache, hypotension, floating feeling
<i>Morchella angusticeps</i> MI, MT	2 adults 0.5 hrs	Gastrointestinal upset, nausea burning throat
<i>Morchella deliciosa</i> NC, CO	2 adults 2.5 & 12 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Morchella elata</i> BC, MT, OR(3), WA(4)	9 adults 0.1–3 hrs avg 1.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(6) + 1 severe GI, cramps(2), disoriented(1), fever, nausea, sensitive to sound, unconscious, weakness(2), eaten raw = immediate numb mouth and throat
<i>Morchella esculenta</i> ID, MD, MI(2), MO, NE, NJ, NY, WA(3)	11 adult+ child 0.3–4.5 hrs avg 2.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(10) + severe GI(2,raw), chills(3), cramps(3), disoriented, nausea(2), sweating, weakness(3), flatulence, numb hands, sneezing(24 hrs)
<i>Morchella spp</i> CA, CO, ID(7), IL, MT(6), NM, OH(2), OR(3), WA	25 adult+ 2 child 0.1–5.5 hrs avg 2.3 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(26), chills(3) + severe chills, cramps(4), disoriented(5), fever, flushing(3), headache(7), hallucinations, muscle spasms(2), nausea, salivation, sweating(7), weakness(7), hot flashes, burning throat, bloated
Raw <i>Morchella spp</i> BC	77 adults (of 483) 0.3 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress(77), bloating(4), cramps(7), flushing, sweating, and thirst (all at one banquet)
<i>Verpa bohemica</i> CO(3), ID, MT(2), OR	8 adult+ 1 child 2–5 hrs avg 3.3 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(6), chills, cramps, disoriented(2), fever, flushing, headache, hypotension, malaise(3), nausea, salivation(2), sweating(2), vomiting, bloated, light-headed, hot flashes, dehydrated

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Table 8
Poisonings where Effects Appear to Be Associated with Alcohol Consumption

Species & Location¹	Number & Onset²	Symptoms¹
<i>Armillaria mellea</i> OR	4 adult, 5 hrs	The four beer drinkers in the group were much sicker than others (all with gastrointestinal distress).
<i>Boletus barrowsii</i> CO	adult 1–5 hrs	Person has 15-year history of adverse gastrointestinal reaction if alcohol is consumed with this species.
<i>Boletus sp</i> (red top) WY	adult, 5 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress, chills, fever, disoriented, salivation, dermatitis
<i>Clitocybe clavipes</i> MI	adult, 2 hrs	Tachycardia and palpitations, tingling arms and legs, flushing
<i>Coprinus atramentarius</i> AK, ID(3), MI, MN, NY, WY(6)	adult 0.1–51.5 hrs	Tachycardia and palpitations(6), tingling arms and legs(6), flushing(6), headache, heavy limbs, salivation (time depending on when alcohol was taken).
<i>Coprinus comatus</i> MI, NH	3 adults 0.5–2 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress(2), cramps, chills, salivation, drowsy, sweating(2)
<i>Coprinus quadrifidus</i> KS	adult, 27 hrs	Tachycardia and palpitations, tingling arms and legs, flushing (time depending upon alcohol use).
<i>Coprinus sp</i> OH	adult, 4 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress, chills, muscle spasms, sweating, weakness
<i>Morchella angusticeps</i> MI, CO	2 adult 3 & 4.5 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress, disorientation, throat constricted
<i>Morchella elata</i> + <i>M. semilibra</i> OH	adult, 0.5 hr 0.5 hour	Gastrointestinal distress, cramps, muscle spasm
<i>Morchella spp</i> MT, CO	3 adult 10 hrs	Severe cramps, disoriented, headache, muscle spasm, nausea(3)
<i>Pholiota squarrosa</i> CO	adult, 4.5 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Pleurotus ostreatus</i> MI, OR	2 adult 0.3 & 1.5 hour	Tachycardia and palpitations, tingling arms and legs, flushing, nausea, weakness, sweating, hallucinations
<i>Pleurotus sp</i> WI	Adult 5 hours	Gastrointestinal distress, flushing, hypotension, muscle spasm, tachycardia

1 Number in parentheses is number of times observed.

2 Number in parentheses is one report of unusually long or short onset not included in average.

Table 9

Hallucinogenic Syndrome: Effects of Psilocybin and Psilocin and other Tryptamines

Species & Location¹	Number & Onset²	Symptoms¹
<i>Gymnopilus</i> <i>cf. luteofolius</i> NY	adult, 1 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, hallucinations
<i>Gymnopilus spectabilis</i> MA, MI, NJ(2), NY, OH, OR, RI, VA	15 adult 0.3–2.5 hr avg 1.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(2), anxiety(2), agitation, disoriented(7), flushing(2), nausea(2), hallucinations(10), drowsy, blurred vision, weakness, tingling limbs(3), numb(3), chest pain, paranoid(2)
<i>Panaeolus acuminatus</i> BC	adult, 3 hrs	Cramps
<i>Panaeolus campanulatus</i> OH	adult	Nausea and sweating, an apparent panic reaction due to fear of having made an error.
<i>Panaeolus foenisecii</i> CA(2), CO(3), ID, MA, MI(2), MT, OR(3), WA	8 adult+ 10 child 0.1–11(16) hrs avg 3 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress(9), disoriented(6), fever(3), flushing(2), nausea(6), hallucinations(7), salivation, drowsy(2), unconscious, angiodema, euphoric, insomnia, dermatitis(2), hives, screaming
<i>Panaeolus papilionaceus</i> ME, ID	adult+ 3 child 0.5 hr	Flushing, gastrointestinal distress(4), weakness
<i>Panaeolus</i> spp MT, HI	2 adult, 0.8–1 hr	Hallucinations(2), agitation, cramps, nausea
<i>Psilocybe azurescens</i> OR	adults ~1 hour	Anonymous report that several times recreational use led to loss of muscular control & inability to walk for 6–10 hours.
<i>Psilocybe baeocystis</i> OR	adult, 0.6 hr	Anxiety, flushing, gastrointestinal distress, muscle spasms, tight chest
<i>Psilocybe cubensis</i> CA, CO(2), ID, MT, OH, OR(3) Note: Usually illicitly cultivated and often adulterated.	14 adult 0.2–2.5 hrs avg 1 hr	Hallucinations(8), anxiety(2), ataxic(2), severe convulsions, disoriented(4), drunk feeling, hypotension(2), malaise, muscle spasms, mydriasis(3), nausea, salivation(3), sweating, tachycardia(2), unconscious(2), aggressive, detached, severe, rhabdomyolysis, respiratory arrest, violent. 1 DEATH from anaphylactic shock (allergic reaction)
<i>Psilocybe cyanescens</i> CA(2), CO, NC, OR(3)	8 adult 0.2–4.5 hr, avg 1 hr	Hallucinations(6), agitated, chills, disoriented(3), fever, flushing(2), sweating(2), weak, coordination loss
<i>Psilocybe semilanceata</i> CA, OR(6), WA(5)	15 adult+ 3 child 0.5–3(12) hr avg 2 hr	Hallucinations(15), anxiety(2), chills, cramps(3), disoriented(8), GI(10), mydriasis, drowsy(4), suicidal, unconscious, unable to walk, severe dermatitis
<i>Psilocybe stuntzii</i> OR(2)	2 child 1.5 hour	Gastrointestinal distress, disoriented
<i>Psilocybe</i> l <i>subcaerulescens</i> M	child	Hallucinations

1 Number in parentheses is number of times observed.

2 Number in parentheses is one report of unusually long or short onset not included in average.

Table 9, Hallucinogenic Syndrome: Effects of Psilocybin and Psilocin and Other Tryptamines, cont.

Species & Location¹	Number & Onset²	Symptoms¹
<i>Psilocybe</i> spp CA, CO(3), FL, HI, NY(3), OR(6), WA	21 adult avg 1.3 hr 0.6-3.5 (36)hrs	Hallucinations(15), gastrointestinal distress(5)+ severe GI(3), anxiety(5), atrial fibrillation, ataxic, chills(2), cramps(2), convulsions, kidney failure, liver damage, malaise, muscle spasms, mydriasis(2), salivation, drowsy(2), sweating, tachycardia(3), nausea, unconscious, suicidal, dry mouth(2), miosis, "freaking out," seizure, cold extremities, kidney polyuria

1 Number in parentheses is number of times observed.

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Table 10
Cases Involving Dermatitis or Spore Inhalation

Species & Location	Ingest	Spore	Onset	Symptoms
35 species WA(2)	no		-	#1: joint stiffness, pain; #2: fluid retention
<i>Aman. pantherina</i> WY	yes		4.5	Gastrointestinal, etc, dermatitis
<i>Bol. pulcherrimus</i> OR	yes		0.8	Gastrointestinal, etc. dermatitis
<i>Boletus sp</i> WY	yes		5	Gastrointestinal, etc. dermatitis
<i>Calvatia gigantea</i> NY	yes		0.01	Flushing, burning rash around mouth
<i>Canth. cibarius</i> OR	yes		3	Edema, hives, numbness
<i>C. molybditum</i> TX	yes		0.5	Dermatitis
<i>C. nebularis</i> WA	yes		1	Hives
<i>C. semisanguineus</i> QC	yes		-	Cramps, dermatitis
<i>Cort sp, C. vinicolor, O. olivascens</i> CA	no		-	Itchy rash eyelids and inner thighs
<i>Gyromitra</i> prob. <i>esculenta</i> ID(2)	no		1	#1: Tight chest, scratchy throat; #2 "skin on fire"
<i>Laetiporus sulphureus</i> OR, WI	yes yes		0.5 14-18	#1: GI, etc, dermatitis, DEATH (shock) #2: severe rash, whole body like P. Ivy
<i>Lentinus edodes</i> NY	yes		9	GI, hives on scalp, neck & shoulder
<i>Leucoagar. naucina</i>	yes		48	Long-lasting whole-body rash
<i>Omphalotus olearius</i> GA(2)	no		0.1	Contact with "juice" resulted in immediate burning sensation, like an acid burn (2)
<i>Panaeolus foenisecii</i> CA, MI, OR	yes yes no		- - -	#1: Gastrointestinal, etc., dermatitis #2: Nausea etc., dermatitis, hives #3: Tingling & Itching hand & forearm
<i>Phallus impudicus</i> CO(2)	no no		0.2 1-2	#1: hives, erythema #2: rash & welts, nausea
<i>Phallus hadriani</i> CO	no		0.1	Tingling fingers, numb
<i>Pleurotus ostreatus</i>	no	Inhale	-	Diarrhea, runny nose and eyes
<i>P. semilanceata</i> WA	yes		-	hallucinations sv dermatitis
<i>S. citrinum</i> OR	no	Inhale	0.1	GI, tachycardia, unconscious, sneezing
<i>S. citrinum</i> & <i>S. macrorhizon</i> MI(2)	no	Inhale	1 1	Dyspnea, conjunct, rhinitis & rhinorrhea, lacrimation (both times)
<i>Suillus americanus</i> MI(2), MA	no yes		24 24	#1 & #2: dermatitis #3: eye irritation, tears, poison-ivy-like rash
<i>S. americanus</i> & <i>S. granulatus</i> NH(2)	no no		18 18	Dermatitis face & neck, swollen face & eyes both times
<i>S. granulatus</i> MA(2)	no		24	Poison Ivy-like facial dermatitis both cases
<i>Suillus luteus?</i> NY(2)	no		-	Edema, severe itching face & groin, puffy face
<i>Suillus pungens?</i> CA	yes		12	Dermatitis, swollen face, etc.

Table 11
Gastrointestinal Syndrome

Species & Location¹	Number & Onset²	Symptoms¹
<i>Agaricus arvensis</i> PA	2 adult, 2 hr	Both gastrointestinal distress, chills, drowsy, and weak
<i>Agaricus augustus</i> WA(3)	4 adult 2.5–6 hr, avg 4 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, chills, cramps, dyspnea, nausea, sweating, rhinitis, sneezing, face numb
<i>Agaricus californicus</i> OR, CA	1 adult + 1 child 0.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, chills, nausea, weak (one event was suicide attempt, but the wrong mushroom to die from)
<i>Agaricus hondensis</i> BC, CA, WA	3 adult 0.2–0.7 avg 0.4 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(2), severe cramps
<i>Agaricus placomyces & praeclaresquamosum</i> ID, MI, OR(2), WI, WV	5 adult + 1 child 0.5–5 hrs avg 2 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(4), cramps, headache, nausea, sweating, sneezing, rhinorrhea
<i>Agaricus xanthodermus</i> complex, CA(2), CO(6), ID(5), MT(2)	11 adult + 5 child 0.3–6 hrs avg 2 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(11) + severe GI(2), cramps (4), disoriented(2), fever, flushing(2), headache(2), nausea, hypotension, malaise, sweating(2), numb, warm feeling
<i>Agaricus</i> (commercial) WA	adult, 0.1 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, severe disorientation, sweating, weak, difficulty balancing
<i>Agaricus</i> spp CA, CO(5), HI, ID, NM, NV, OK, OR, TX	16 adult + 5 child 0.3–5 hrs avg 1.7 hr	Gastrointestinal distress (17), flushing(2), headache, sweating, tachycardia
<i>Agrocybe dura</i> NJ, OH	2 child, 1&10 hr	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>A. pediades?</i> OR	child, 14.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, hallucinations
<i>A. praecox</i> NM	child, 12 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, chills, drowsy
<i>Agrocybe</i> sp OK	2 child, 0.6 hr	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Amanita flaviconia</i> RI	2 adult, 4 hr	Both with gastrointestinal distress, anxiety, bradycardia, flushing, headache, salivation, sweating
<i>A. flavorubescens</i> NY	child	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Amanita frostiana</i> AZ	adult, 0.3 hrs	Nausea, chills
<i>A. gemmata & A. crenulata</i> NH(3), OR	5 adult 0.2–2(14) hr	Gastrointestinal distress(2), disoriented(2), flushing, weak(2), sweating, visual, drunk-feeling
<i>Amanita inaurata</i> MT	adult, 0.6 hr	GI, sweating, nystagmus, blurred vision
<i>Amanita rhoadsii</i> FL	adult, 1.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress

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Table 11, Gastrointestinal Syndrome, cont.

Species & Location¹	Number & Onset²	Symptoms¹
<i>Amanita rubescens</i> CA(2), NJ	3 adult 1&5 hr, avg 4 hr	GI(2) + severe GI, anxiety, chills, flushing, sweating, weak(2)
<i>A. russuloides</i> NJ	adult, 3.5 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress, drowsy
<i>Amanita spreta</i> ME	2 adult, 3 hrs	Atrial fibrillation, bradycardia, gastrointestinal distress
<i>A. triangulibulbosa</i> CA	adult, 2 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Amanita vaginata</i> ND, WA	2 adult 4 & 9 hrs	GI(2), chills, cramps, disoriented, hallucinations, drowsy, sweating
<i>Amanita velatipes</i> WV, QC	3 adult 6 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(3), chills, hallucinations (1or2?), atrial fibrillation(1or2?)
<i>Amanita velosa</i> CA	adult, 4–5 hr	Unconscious
<i>A. sec. Lepidella</i> OR	child, 2 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, disoriented, flushing, drowsy
<i>Amanita spp.</i> OR, NJ(2)	3 adult + 1 child 1.5, 3, 12 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress(4), chills, disoriented, muscle spasms, drowsy(2), weak
<i>Armillaria albolanaripes</i> WA	2 adult + 1 child, 4 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress(3)
<i>Armillaria mellea</i> group BC, ME, MI(2), NM, NY(2), OR(8), PA, WA(2), VT	38+ adult 0.2–11 hrs avg 4 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress(32+) + severe GI(3), chills(5), cramps(5), flushing(3), mydriasis, drowsy, sweating(7), weak(13), dehydrated, hypothermic(4)
<i>A. tabescens</i> LA	2 adult, 1 hr	Gastrointestinal distress+ severe GI, salivation, sweating
<i>Boletus edulis</i> & <i>B. barrowsii</i> CA, CO(5), CT, NH, WA	13 adult 0.3–3(9) hrs avg 2 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress(11), atrial fibrillation, bradycardia, chills(2), severe cramps(2), disoriented, flushing(2), weak(2), itchy throat
<i>Boletus pulcherrimus</i> OR	2 adult 0.8 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress(2), fever, hypotension(2), dermatitis, Mallory-Weiss syndrome, DEATH(1)
<i>Boletus regius</i> CA	adult, 1.5 hrs	Nausea
<i>Boletus satanas</i> CA(3), OR	4 adult 0.1-2.5 hr, avg 1.5	Gastrointestinal distress(4), hematemesis, salivation, sweating, weak, hypothermic, pallid
<i>Boletus sensibilis</i> NH	2 adult 2 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress(2), severe cramps(2), thirsty(2), leucocytosis, fever, numb
<i>B. subflammeus</i> MI	adult, 3 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>B. subvelutipes</i> NY	adult, 2 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Boletus spp.</i> CA, NC, NH, OR	4 adult + 2 child 0.5-4 hr, avg 1.7	Gastrointestinal distress(5), cramps, disoriented, headache(2), bloating, belching

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Table 11, Gastrointestinal Syndrome, cont.

Species & Location¹	Number & Onset²	Symptoms¹
<i>Caloscypha fulgens</i> WA	adult onset unkn	Ataxic, muscle spasms, weak, shallow breathing
<i>Calvatia fumosa</i> CA	2 adult, 3 hrs	Both disoriented, hypotension, nausea, unconscious, weak
<i>Calvatia gigantea</i> NY	adult, 9 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress, drowsy
<i>Cantharellus cibarius</i> & <i>formosus</i> CA, CO(2), MI, OR(8), PA, WA(3)	17 adult 0.2-7(12) hrs avg 1.8 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(11) + severe GI, ataxic, chills(4), cramps(5) + severe cramps, disoriented(2), hallucinations(2), malaise, sweating(2), sound sensitive, weak, swollen limbs, tight chest
<i>C. infundibuliformis</i> WA	adult onset unkn	Gastrointestinal distress, fever
<i>C. subalbidus</i> OR	adult, 2 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress, chills
<i>Catathelasma ventricosa</i> NM	2 adults 2-3 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress, sweating
Cooked <i>Chlorophyllum molybdites</i> AL, CA, CO(19), CT, DC, FL, HI(3), IA(2), MD, VA MI(2), MX, NH, NJ(6), NM, OH(5), SC, TX	60 adult 0.5-6 hrs avg 3.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress (52), anxiety(2), bradycardia(4), chills(4), convulsions(4), disoriented(2), dyspnea(2), fever(4), flushing, hypotension(6), muscle spasms (2), sweating(12), tachycardia, weak(4), tight chest
Raw <i>C. molybdites</i> AR(2), AZ(2), CO(53), DC, FL(2), HI(9), IA(9), IL(3), LA, MI, MO, MX(2), NC(3), NJ(9), NM(2), NV(3), OH(2), OK, PA, SC, TN(2), TX(3)	106 adult + 10 child 0.5-8(12) hrs avg 2.7 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress(80) + severe GI(20), blood in vomit/diarrhea(7), hematemesis (15), hypotension(5), salivation(10), sweating(25), fever(10), flushing(5), chills(15), hallucinations(2), tachycardia, unconscious, weak(10), dermatitis(2), burning mouth and throat, shock, kidney hematuria(2)
<i>Clitocybe inversa</i> OR	adult, 1.5-2 hrs	GI, disoriented, flushing, sweating, salivation, weak
<i>C. nebularis</i> WA	adult, 1 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, hives
<i>Clitocybe nuda</i> MA, NY(2), OR, WA	6 adult 2-18 hr, avg 11	Gastrointestinal distress(5) + severe GI, cramps, disoriented, headache, malaise, salivation, weak(2)
<i>Clitocybe</i> spp. CA(2), CO, ID, MT	8 adult 0.5-3(12) hr	Gastrointestinal distress(7), bradycardia, chills, cramps(3), disoriented, malaise, sweating, severe flatulence(2)
<i>Clitopilus prunulus</i> CA	adult, 1 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, chills, headache, sweating
<i>Collybia acervata</i> OR	4 adult, 1 hr	Severe gastrointestinal distress(4)
<i>Collybia</i> sp. OR	Adult, 0.1 hour	Cramps, light sensitive, pallid, paresthesia, tears
<i>Conocybe lactea</i> NJ	Child, onset?	Gastrointestinal distress

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Table 11, Gastrointestinal Syndrome, cont.

Species & Location¹	Number & Onset²	Symptoms¹
<i>Conocybe</i> sp. NM	child, 1.5 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress, irritable
<i>Coprinus comatus</i> ID, MA(2), MD, ME, MI, NH, ON, OR	8 adult + 1 child 1–8 hrs avg 4.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(7), bloody GI, atrial fibrillation, chills, disoriented, salivation, drowsy(2), sweating(2)
<i>Coprinus</i> sp CA, WY	4 Adult + 1 child 2.5 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress, tachycardia
<i>Cortinarius semisanguineus</i> QC	adult, 24 hrs	Cramps and dermatitis from consuming 37 cooked caps
<i>C. violaceus</i> WA	adult, 0.75 hr	Drowsy, sneezing
<i>Craterellus cornucopioides</i> NC	adult, 1.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, chills, sweating
<i>Crepidotus</i> sp WA	adult, unkn	Gastrointestinal distress, disorientation, sweating
<i>Entoloma abortivum</i> NH	adult, 12 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress, chills, muscle spasms, sweating
<i>Entoloma aprile</i> OH	4 adult, 12 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress, cramps, sweating, dehydrated
<i>E. bahusiense</i> CA	adult, 1.1 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Entoloma grande</i> AB	adult, 0.3 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress, cramps
<i>Entoloma luridum</i> QC	4 adult, 2–3 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress, cramps
<i>E. rhodopolium</i> CA	adult, 1 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, sweating
<i>Entoloma sinuatum</i> CA	adult, 0.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress then unconscious
<i>Entoloma</i> spp. CO, OH, OR	4 adult + 1 child 0.6–2.5 hr avg 1.9	Gastrointestinal distress(2) + severe GI(2), chills(2), cramps, malaise, nausea, weak(2), miosis
<i>Flammulina velutipes</i> CO	adult, 2 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress, sweating, weak, may be associated with alcohol consumption
<i>Fuscoboletinus paluster</i> QC	adult, 0.1 hr	Dyspnea, flushing, headache, burning throat and tongue
<i>Gomphus floccosus</i> CO, ME, WV	3 adults 3.5–9 hrs, avg 5.5	Gastrointestinal distress(3), severe cramps(2)
<i>Grifola frondosa</i> IN, MA(3), MI(2), NY(2), PA, WI	10 adult + 2 child 2–6(13.6) hrs avg 3 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(8) + severe GI, chills, convulsions, cramps, disoriented, tinnitus(3), weak(4), drowsy and very drowsy, drunk-feeling

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Table 11, Gastrointestinal Syndrome, cont.

Species & Location¹	Number & Onset²	Symptoms¹
<i>Hygrophorus puniceus</i> CA	2 adult, 1.5 hr	Both with gastrointestinal distress, disoriented, hallucinations
<i>Hygrophorus speciosus</i> CO	child, 1 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, chills, headache, sweating, miosis, glassy-eyed
<i>Hypholoma sublateralitium</i> DC	child onset unkn	Cramps
<i>Hypomyces lactiflorum</i> OR, CA	2 adult 0.1 & 4 hrs	Severe gastrointestinal distress, disoriented, sweating, weak, burning throat, swelling sensation
<i>Inocybe geophylla</i> QC	child, -	Typical muscarinic symptoms
<i>Inocybe spp.</i> FL, OH, WA	adult+ 2 child 0.5–1 hr, avg <1 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, cramps, disoriented, hallucinations, salivation
<i>Laccaria ochropurpurea</i> MA	adult, 0.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Lactarius aquifluus</i> MI	2 adult, 0.5 hr	Both with gastrointestinal distress
<i>L. chelidonium</i> CO	2 adult, 1.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, flatulence
<i>Lactarius s</i> sp. NY	10 adult, 1 hr	All with gastrointestinal distress, cramps
<i>Laetiporus sulphureus</i> group, CA(10), CO, MI, NC, OR(6)	36 adult + 1 child 0.5–4 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress(26) + bloody GI, cramps(2), disoriented(4), fever, flushing, headache(3), nausea(2), salivation, sweating(3), chest pain, dermatitis, nursing baby=vomiting, Death(1) in 19 hrs from 3 bites
<i>Leccinum atrostitipitatum</i> AK	adult, 2 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Leccinum aurantiacum</i> group, CO(6), OR(2), WA	18 adult 0.5–9 hrs avg 4 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(12) + severe GI(2), ataxic, chills(2), disoriented, malaise, sweating, weak
<i>L. fibrillosum</i> CO	child, -	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Leccinum insigne</i> UT	adult, 1 hr	Headache
<i>L. manzanitae</i> CA	adult, -	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>L. testaceoscabrum</i> AK	adult, 48 hr	GI, lingual lesions (other causes suspected)
<i>Leccinum spp.</i> CA, CO(20), MX(5), WY	31 adult+ 4 child 1.5–12 hr avg 2.6 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(17) + severe GI(3), cramps, disoriented, headache(2), hematemesis(2), malaise(4), nausea(2), blurred vision, weak, dry throat, flatulence(3)
<i>Lentinula edodes</i> CA, CO, NY(2), unkn	5 adult 0.3–9 hr avg 5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(4), chills(2), disoriented, headache, muscle spasms(2), unconscious, weak(2), hives, difficulty breathing

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Table 11, Gastrointestinal Syndrome, cont.

Species & Location¹	Number & Onset²	Symptoms¹
<i>Lepiota cepaestipes</i> OR	adult, -	Gastrointestinal distress, cramps, disoriented
<i>Lepiota procera</i> MI	adult, 1 hr	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Lepiota rachodes</i> CA(7), CO(4), ID(2), OR, WA	15 adult 0.1–10(22) hrs avg 4 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(10) + severe GI(2), chills(2), cramps, convulsions, disorientation, malaise(2), nausea(2), salivation, drowsy, sweating, weak(3), chest pain, rhinitis
<i>L. rubrotincta</i> CA(2)	2 adult, .8 & 1.4 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, nausea
<i>Lepiota</i> spp. NE, NM, TX	3 adult+ 2 child 2.5–7 hr avg 4.5	Gastrointestinal (3) + bloody GI, bradycardia, headache, hypotension, salivation, sweating, weak, kidney hematuria
<i>Leucoagaricus</i> <i>naucinus/leucothites</i> CA(2), FL, ID, NC, OR, QC, WA	3 adult+ 5 child 0.2–10 hr avg 4 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(7), cramps, nausea, salivation, irritable, acid reflux
<i>Leucopaxillus</i> sp. OH	adult, 8 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Lycoperdon perlatum</i> OR	adult, 1 hr	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Lyophyllum decastes</i> AK, MI, WA	4 adult 0.3–2 hr avg 1hr	Gastrointestinal distress, hallucinations(2), euphoric(3), tachycardia
<i>Macrolepiota venenata</i> NY	adult, 6 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress, chills, disoriented, hypothermic
<i>Marasmius oreades</i> CO, MT(2), OR	2 adult+ 3 child 0.3–1(24) hrs	Gastrointestinal distress(5), hallucinations, sweating(2) Possibly 2 victims result of nearby Malthion application
<i>Melanoleuca</i> sp CO	child, 1.5 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Mycena</i> sp OR(2)	3 child, 5 & 8 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(2), cramps
<i>Nevatogastrium wrightii</i> CA	adult, 1 hr	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Omphalotus olearius</i> & <i>olivascens</i> CA, CT, FL(2), GA, IA, IN(3), MA(2), MD, ME, MI(2) , NC(2), NJ(7), NY(8), OH(5),ON(15), PA, QC(6), VA, WA(3), WV(3)	96 adult+ 2 child 0.1–6 hrs avg 2 hr	Gastrointestinal distress (80) + severe GI(9), disoriented(3), headache(11), hallucinations, salivation(5), drowsy(6), sweating(8) + severe sweating(5), weak(14), drunk-feeling(2), light-headed(5)
<i>Phaeolepiota aurea</i> AK(2), WA(2)	4 adult 0.5–2(17) hr	Gastrointestinal distress(3), severe nausea

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Table 11, Gastrointestinal Syndrome, cont.

Species & Location¹	Number & Onset²	Symptoms¹
<i>Phallus impudicus</i> CO, OK	2 adult, 1 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, cramps, tachycardia
<i>Phallus ravenelii</i> WI	adult, 4 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress, severe headache
<i>Pholiota aurivella</i> OR	adult, 3 hrs	GI, chills, cramps, disorientation, muscle spasm
<i>P. kodiakensis</i> (AK)	2 adult, 23 hrs	GI(2), cramps(2), disoriented(2), salivation, drowsy, sweat
<i>Pholiota squarrosa</i> AB, CO(2), MN, MT, WY	12 adult 0.1-7.5 hr avg 4 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(7) + severe GI(2), fever(3), weak, flatulence
<i>Pleurotus ostreatus</i> CA, MI, OR(4), VT, WA	8 adult+ 1 child 0.5-5 hr avg 2 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(7), disorientation, fever, nausea(2), salivation, drowsy(2), weak(2), dry mouth. One was a suicide attempt but wrong mushroom.
<i>Pleurotus</i> sp. MT	2 adult, -	Both with gastrointestinal distress and cramps
<i>Pluteus</i> cf. <i>atromarginatus</i> MT	2 adult, 1.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(2), severe cramps(2), fever
<i>Ramaria</i> cf. <i>aurea</i> CO	2 adult, 8 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(2), cramps
<i>Ramaria</i> sp. WA	adult 4.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Ramariopsis</i> <i>lentofragilis</i> ME	adult, 9.5 hr	Muscle spasms, nausea, weak, sharp substernal pain
<i>Rhodocybe nitellina</i> CA	adult, 2 hr	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Russula</i> cf. <i>claroflava</i> VA	adult+child 4 hr	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Russula</i> cf. <i>emetica</i> CO, MT	2 adult 6 & 18 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, nausea after smoking it in attempt to get high
<i>Russula nigricans</i> OR	child, 0.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, disoriented, convulsions
<i>R. occidentalis</i> WA	2 adult, 4.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Russula paludosa</i> + <i>R. lutea</i> AB	2 adult, 4 hr	Both with gastrointestinal distress
<i>Russula virescens</i> VA	adult, 8 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, chills, fever
<i>Russula xerampelina</i> CO	2 adult, 3 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(2), severe chills(2), cramps, fever, hematemesis(2), leucocytosis, anuria
<i>Russula</i> spp CO(5), NC, NM	12 adult+ child 0.3-6 hr avg 4 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(7) + bloody GI, chills(4), cramps(3), disoriented, nausea(2), mydriasis, salivation, sweating(2), tachycardia, weak(2), agitated, breathing dif.
<i>Scleroderma</i> cf. <i>cepa</i> CA(2), CO, OR(2), WA2	5 adult+ child 0.3-2 hr avg 1 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, sweating(2), disoriented(3), hypotension(2), malaise, drowsy, blurred vision

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Table 11, Gastrointestinal Syndrome, cont.

Species & Location¹	Number & Onset²	Symptoms¹
<i>Scleroderma citrinum</i> OR, PA	5 Adult 0.8–4 hr avg 2 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(5)
<i>S. geaster</i> DC	Child, 9 hr	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Scleroderma lycoperdoides</i> QC	2 adult+ child 0.5–2 hr, avg 1 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, malaise, nausea, visual disturbance, fever, dry mouth, throat constricted
<i>Scleroderma</i> spp GA, OR(3)	4 adult+ child 0.1–4.5 hr avg 1.7	Gastrointestinal distress(5), chills(3), cramps(2), disoriented(3), mydriasis, drowsy(2), sweat(2), weak(2)
<i>Stropharia rugosoannulata</i> NJ	child, 9 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Suillus albidus</i> CA	adult, 0.75 hr	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Suillus brevipes</i> CO	2 adult, 1.5 hrs	GI(2), chills, cramps, disoriented, weak, diplopia
<i>S. brunnescens</i> CA	adult, 1.1 hr	Nausea
<i>Suillus granulatus</i> CO	adult, 1.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, malaise, "head felt heavy"
<i>Suillus luteus</i> MT, NJ, NY(2)	6 adult+ 2 child 0.5, 0.8 & 12 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(7), disoriented(3), malaise(3), weak(3)
<i>Suillus pictus</i> NC	adult, 1.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Suillus pungens</i> CA	adult, 12 hr	Anxiety, disoriented, dermatitis, hyperpnea, swollen face
<i>S. tomentosus</i> CO(2)	2 adult, 4 & 6 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, chills, disoriented
<i>Tricholoma focale</i> OR, CA	3 adult 0.5-2.5 hr avg 2 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(3), headache(2), malaise, weak
<i>T. magnivelare</i> WA(2)	2 adult, 1 & 8 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, headache, dry mouth
<i>T. pardinum</i> ON, OR	7 adult 2 & 3.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(7), chills
<i>T. pessundatum</i> CA	adult, 5.7 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>T. saponaceum</i> ID	8 adult, 1 hr	Severe gastrointestinal distress(8)
<i>Tricholomopsis decora</i> ID	2 adult 0.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, chills, flushing, hypotension, severe salivation, severe sweating, blurred vision

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Table 11, Gastrointestinal Syndrome, cont.

Species & Location¹	Number & Onset²	Symptoms¹
<i>T. platyphyla</i> ME	2 child, 2 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Truncocolumella citrina</i> MI	adult, 0.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, chills, sweating, weak
<i>Tylophilus arborate</i> NJ	adult, 1 hr	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Tylophilus eximius</i> ME, NY, QC	12 adult+ child 2–3(12) hr avg 3 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(13), chills, cramps, sweating, weak
<i>Volvariella</i> spp NV, CO	2 adult, 1.5 & 3 hr	Severe gastrointestinal distress, disoriented, sweating
<i>Xerula megalospora</i> NY	child, 0.3 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, pallid

Table 12
Poisonings of Animals

Species & Location¹	Animal & Onset²	Symptoms¹
<i>Agaricus</i> sp CO	Cat, -	Gastrointestinal distress, disoriented, foaming at mouth
<i>Amanita bisporigera</i> NC	Dog, -	Gastrointestinal distress, disoriented, anemic, hypoglycemic, EUTHANIZED
<i>Amanita muscaria</i> CO(3), OR	6 Cats 0.3–2 hr avg 1 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(5), apparent hallucinations(2), agitated, muscle spasms, mydriasis, nausea, salivation, drowsy(2), weak, DEATH(1) in 1 hour
<i>Amanita muscaria</i> AK, CO(9), MI, MN, NY	15 Dogs 0.8–6 hrs avg 2 hr	Gastrointestinal distress(6), apparent hallucinations(3), agitated, ataxic(6), chills, cramps, disoriented(6), flushing, malaise(3), muscle spasms(10), mydriasis(4), salivation(6), sweating, tachycardia, unconscious(3), weak(2), red staring eyes(2), panting, could not stand(2), (1)
<i>Amanita pantherina</i> CO(2), OR(2)	4 Cats 4 hr (1 report)	Apparent hallucinations, agitated, convulsions, disoriented(3), muscle spasms(2), mydriasis, salivation, sweating, drowsy, unconscious and nearly unconscious, could not stand(2), fear, slow respiration
<i>Amanita pantherina</i> AR, BC(2), CO(38), MI, OR, WA	44 Dogs 0.8–3 hrs avg 2 hrs	Gastrointestinal distress (8), apparent hallucinations (15), agitated(13), ataxic(20), confused(2), convulsions(9), cramps, disoriented(13), dyspnea(3), fever, malaise(4), muscle spasms(21), mydriasis(8), salivation(3), sleepy(7), biting(5), fearful(9), flatulence, panting(5), hypercalcemia, sound sensitive(3), DEATH(1), EUTHANIZED(2)

1 Number in parentheses is number of times observed.

2 Number in parentheses is one report of unusually long or short onset not included in average.

Table 12, Poisonings of Animals, cont.

Species & Location¹	Number & Onset²	Symptoms¹
<i>Amanita ocreata</i> CA	Dog, 8.5	Gastrointestinal distress, jaundice, unconscious
<i>Amanita phalloides</i> CA(2)	3 Dogs	Gastrointestinal distress, disoriented, muscle spasms, weak(3), nursing puppy and its mother DIED
<i>Amanita thiersii</i> CA(2)	2 Dogs, -	GI(2), disoriented, liver damage, DEATH(1)
<i>Amanita</i> sp CO	Cat, -	GI, anxiety, agitated, bradycardia, hypothermia, DEATH
<i>Amanita</i> sp OH	Dog, -	Severe GI, liver damage, EUTHANIZED
<i>Chlorophyllum molybdites</i> TN, FL	2 Dogs, -	Gastrointestinal distress + bloody GI, DEATH(1)
<i>Clitocybe dealbata</i> WA	Dog, -	GI, bradycardia, hypotension, salivation, miosis
<i>Conocybe</i> sp CO	Cat, -	GI, agitated, dyspnea, salivation, miosis
<i>Galerina</i> sp AB	Cat, 0.7 hr	GI, drowsy, anorexia
<i>Gymnopilus purpuratus</i> CO	Dog, -	Gastrointestinal distress, wobbly, staring
<i>Gymnopilus</i> sp CO	Dog, -	Disoriented, staggering
<i>Gyromitra</i> sp ID	Dog, -	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Hebeloma</i> cf. <i>Crustulini-forme</i> WA(2)	2 Dogs, -	Both with gastrointestinal distress and malaise
<i>Hypholoma fasciculare</i> CO	Dog, -	GI, bradycardia, malaise, staggering
<i>Inocybe fastigiata</i> OR	Dog, 0.5	Gastrointestinal distress, salivation
<i>Inocybe geophylla</i> & <i>I. lilacina</i> OR(3)	6 Dogs, -	Gastrointestinal distress(6), DEATH(3)
<i>Inocybe</i> spp CO, OR, VA	3 Dogs 0.5 hr (1 report)	Gastrointestinal distress(2) + severe GI, cramps, salivation + severe salivation, hallucinations, gas, pin-point pupils
<i>Lepiota josserandii</i> UT	2 Dog, -	GI, liver damage(2), malaise(2), nausea, salivation, weak(2), DEATH(1)
<i>Lepiota</i> sp WA	Dog, -	GI, salivation, sleepy, near death, 2 week recovery
<i>Marasmius oreades</i> CO, NV	2 Dogs, -	Gastrointestinal distress, salivation, frothy, unsteady
<i>Melanoleuca melaleuca</i> OR	Dog, -	Gastrointestinal distress, salivation, convulsions
<i>Panaeolus foenisecii</i> CO(4), MI, WA	6 Dogs 0.1-4 hr, avg 2.5 hr	GI(4), anxiety, ataxic, agitated(2), malaise, muscle spasms, hallucinations, salivation, sleepy, weak, foaming at mouth
<i>Paxillus involutus</i> OK	Dog, 0.5 hr	GI, salivation, weak, respiration depression
<i>Pisolithus tinctorus</i> CA	New Zealand Pig	GI, salivation, weak from 1 bite
<i>Pleurotus</i> sp CO	2 Dogs, 2 hr	GI(2) from very old decaying mushrooms
<i>Psathyrella velutina</i> NY	Dog, 0.1 hr	Gastrointestinal distress, weak
<i>Psilocybe pelliculosa</i> OR	Dog, 0.5 hr	Hallucinations, disoriented

1 Number in parentheses is number of times observed.

2 Number in parentheses is one report of unusually long or short onset not included in average.

Table 12, Poisonings of Animals, cont.

Species & Location¹	Number & Onset²	Symptoms¹
<i>Ramaria pallida</i> CO	Dog, -	GI, salivation, dry heaves
<i>Russula rosacea</i> NC	2 Dogs, -	Both with bloody GI
<i>Russula spp.</i> CO(2), MT	3 Dogs, -	GI(3), malaise, increased phosphate levels
<i>Scleroderma cf. Cepa</i> CO, NJ	3 Dogs 0.2-6 hr avg 3 hr	Gastrointestinal distress (2), weak
<i>Scleroderma citrinum</i> CA	Pot-bellied Pig	Consumed one specimen and DIED several hours later
<i>Scleroderma spp.</i> CA(2), OR	3 Dogs 0.1 hr) (1 report)	GI, liver damage(2), DEATH(2)
<i>Suillus cf. Luteus</i> WA	Dog, -	Gastrointestinal distress
<i>Tricholoma pardinum</i> + <i>Paxillus atrotomentosus</i> OR	Cat, 0.5 hr	Convulsions and DEATH
"Puffball" MT	Dog, 0.5 hr	Gastrointestinal distress

1 Number in parentheses is number of times observed.

2 Number in parentheses is one report of unusually long or short onset not included in average.

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